# Brief

This assessment activity requires you to create a multi-page website that may be included in the Moodle e-learning resources (or similar) for Year 11 Digital Technologies students. The purpose of this website will be to teach students about an aspect of Digital Technologies and to demonstrate an advanced media technique in use. You are required to develop and incorporate an advanced media technique (such as JQuery or JavaScript) for this purpose.

I intend to develop a website that teaches Year 11 students some year 12 concepts as well as provide some advanced tips and tricks.

# Specifications

The website should:

* Be at least three pages (negotiable with teacher)
* Use advanced media techniques such as JQuery
* Teach an aspect of digital technologies to a year 11 Onslow College student
* Be well-designed and appealing to the target users
* Have well-commented and valid code
* Have well-organised information and be easy to navigate
* *...any other specifications you would include?*

# Target Audience: Year 11 Students

# Stakeholders:

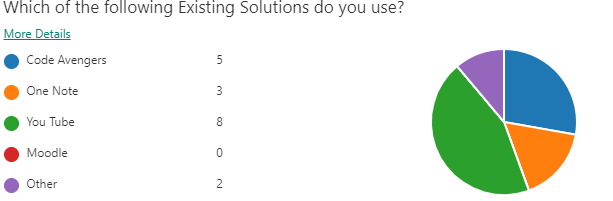
These are the people, groups or organisations that are important in either the problem or the solution. Most will benefit in some way from the solution.

Year 11 Digital Students (Past, Present and Future)

Digital Teachers

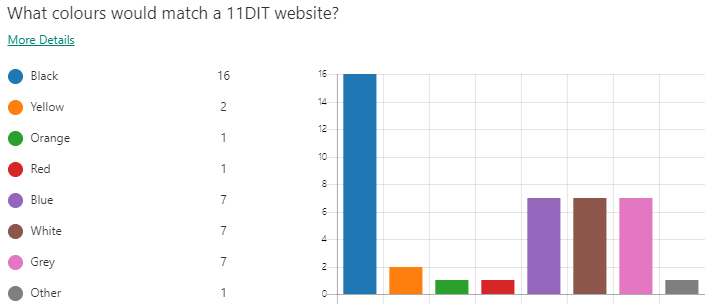
Onslow Collegep

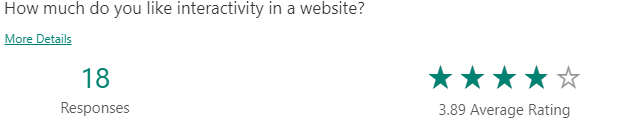
NZQA



1) I asked year 12 students what existing solution they liked. A majority indicated that they strongly prefer YouTube over other solutions.

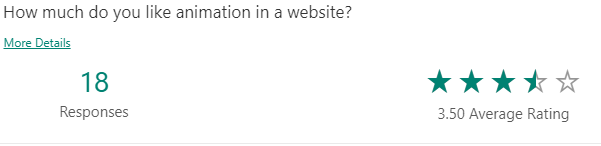
 I then asked people what they liked about their existing solution. The top answers here were “contains a lot of info” and “Easy to follow (Step by step)”.



2) Here I asked users what colors would match a 11DIT website.  A majority of users indicated that they liked Black as a main color, while white, grey and blue were all tied at second. Based on this info, I will try to use a color scheme that is either greyscaled or features blacks prominently, with blue white and grey as accent colors.

3) Here i asked users how much interactivity they enjoy in a website. The average rating was 3.89, with all answering either 3, 4 or 5. Based on this information, my website will not contain too much interactivity and i'll try to keep it simple.

4) I asked users what they enjoyed most in a website. A majority indicated that they preferred minimalism, or as simple as a design as possible. Based on this information, my website will try to be as minimalist as possible.



5) Users indicated that they enjoyed some animation on a website, but not too flashy. Based on this information I will refrain from animating my entire website. Considering previous answers indicating they liked no clutter

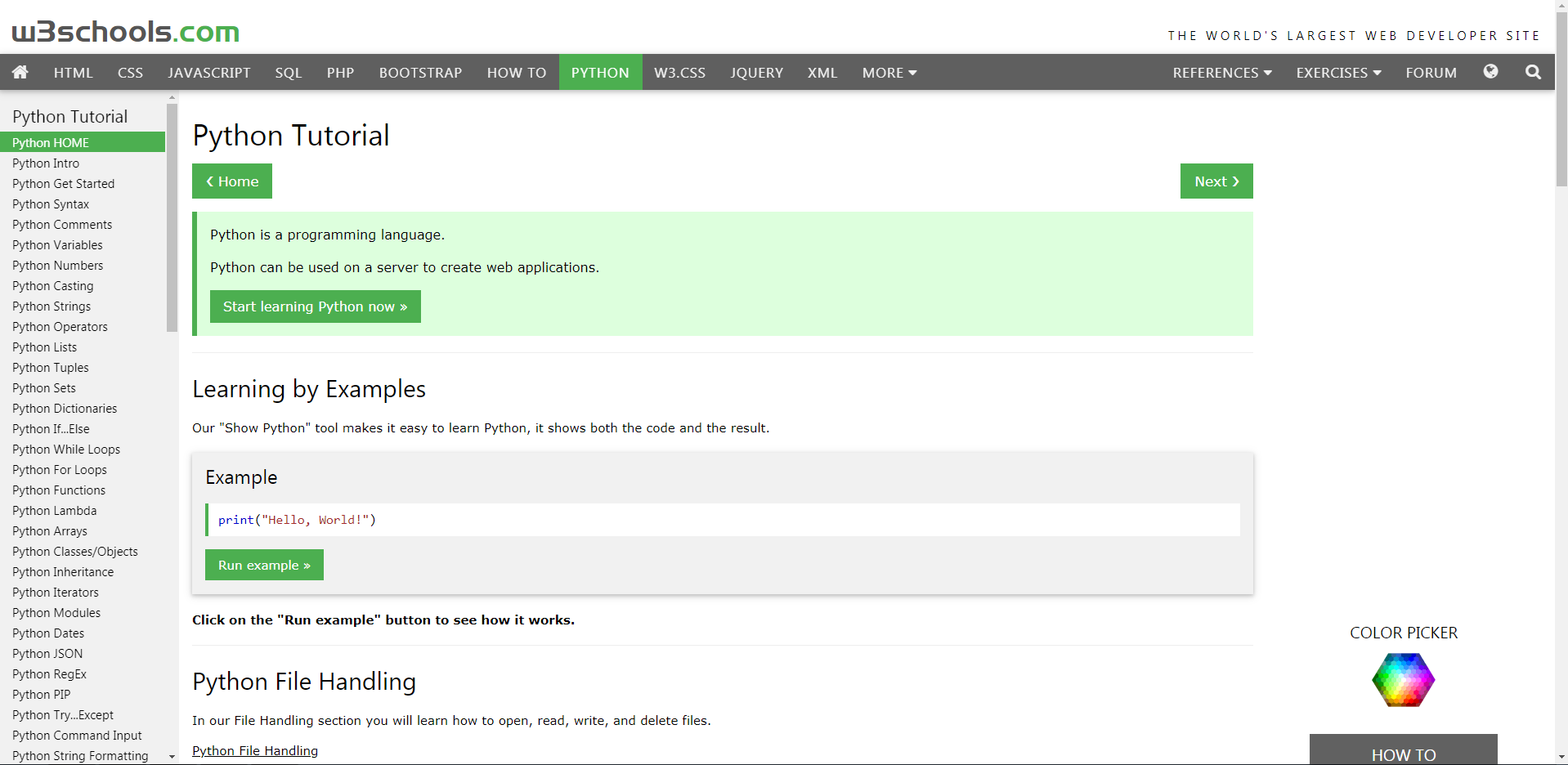
# Relevant Implications

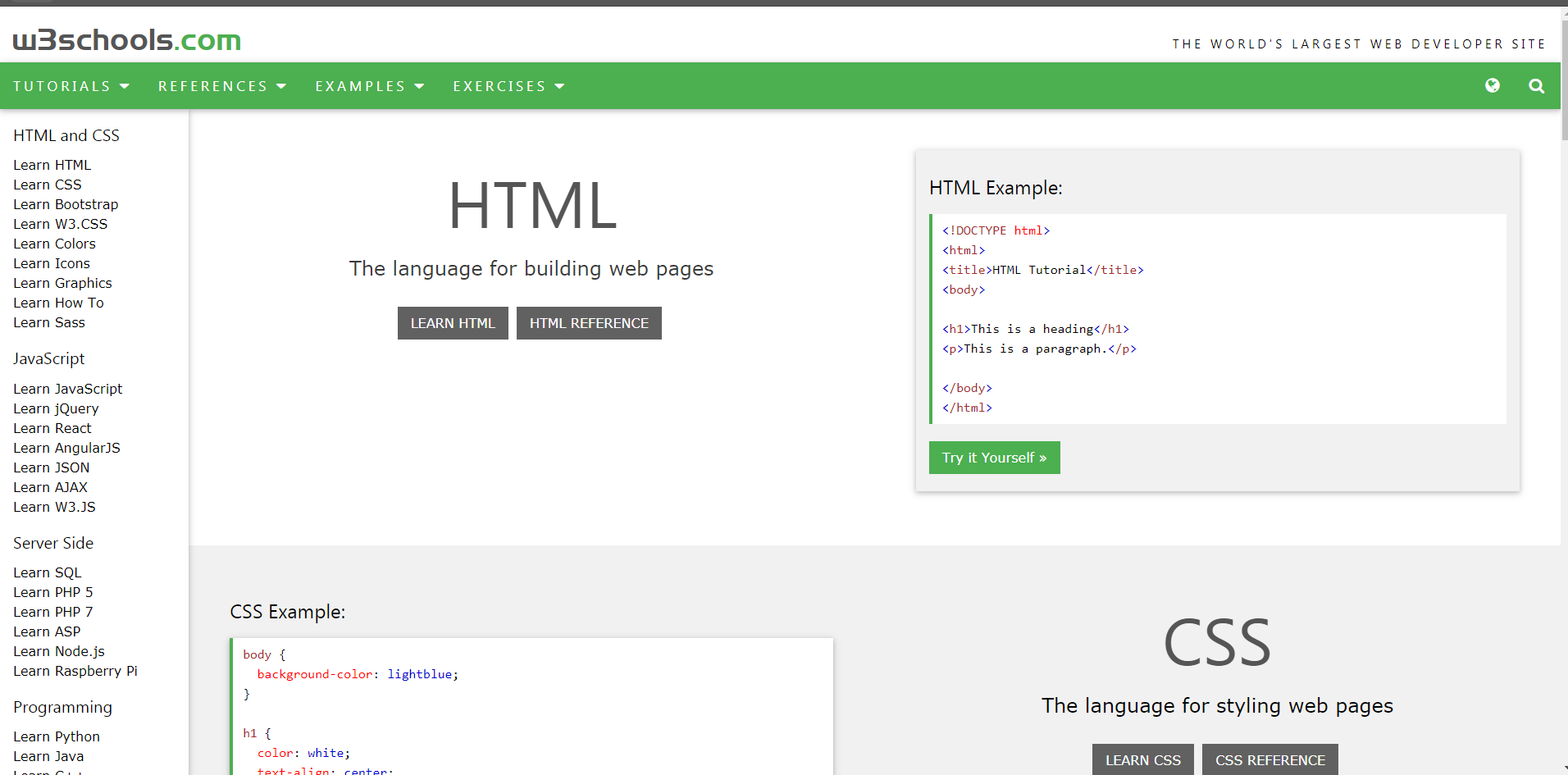
Aesthetic aesthetics are something I need to consider when I design my website. According to the interactive design foundation, “Aesthetics is the philosophical study of beauty and taste. …In the field of user experience (UX) design and interaction design, aesthetics is important because it impacts the UX of a product in several ways.”

I need to consider this because if my aesthetics are too intrusive and distracting, they will affect my user experience negatively. Less clicks = less views will decrease my YouTube revenue. I believe that aesthetics should only add, never detract. To make sure my choices aren’t negative, I’ll use different simulators to check that my website functions to people of different specifications, such as colorblindness. I can also get feedback to see whether others think my website is too distracting.

# Analysis of existing solutions:

Websites:

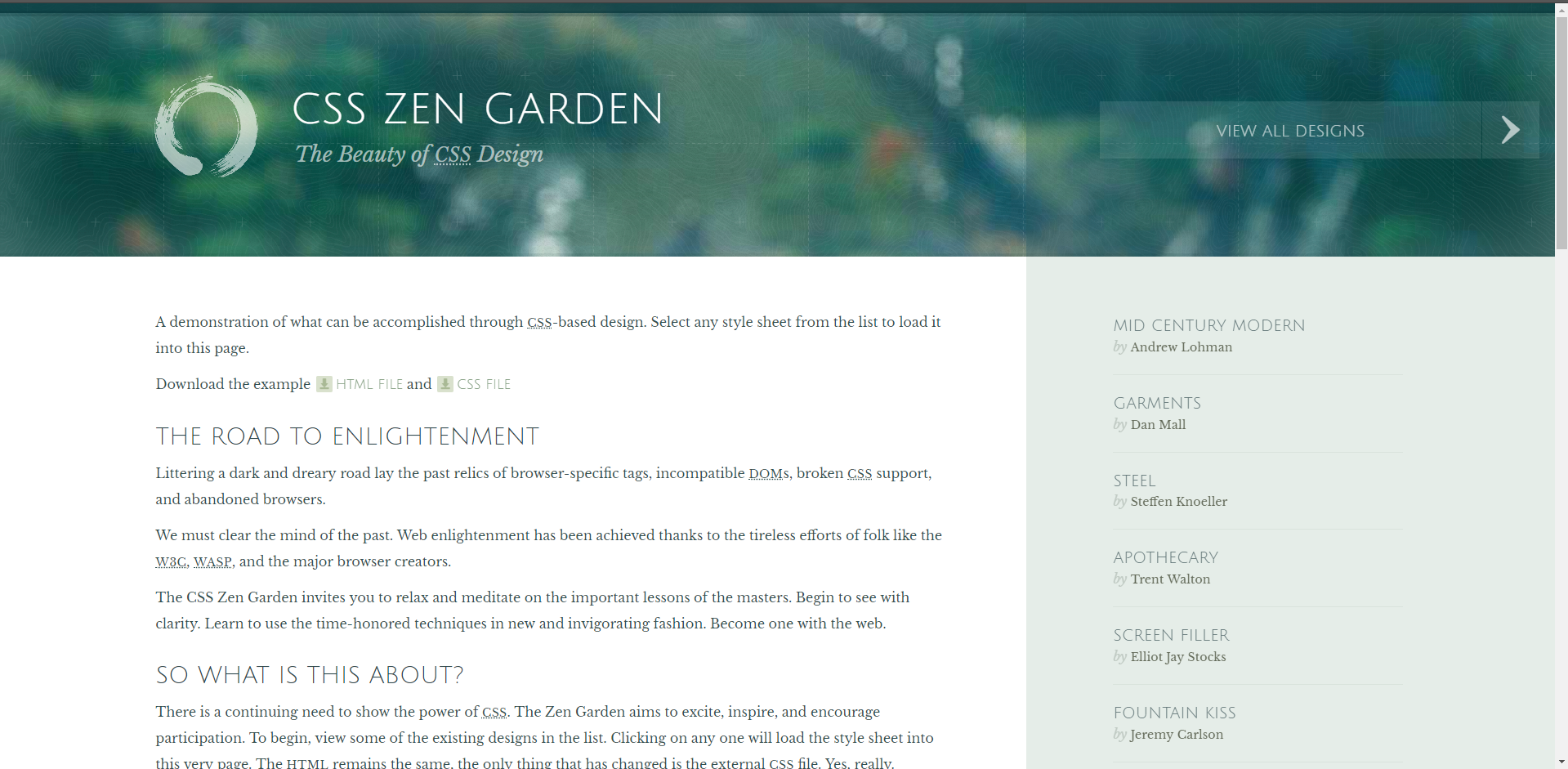




[www.w3schools.com](http://www.w3schools.com)

This website is highly reputed for providing valuable coding help for a wide range of languages, and I’m sure a majority of students can recognise the name of this site.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Positive (Interesting)   * This website uses a very basic color scheme, using only whites and greens. This simple color scheme means that users aren’t distracted by flashy animations and cool web graphics and can focus fully on finding code. * This website doesn’t actually utilize any animations, at least from what I’ve seen. Their transitions are all instant. This could make it easier to run on the lower end, but also ensures that it’s robust and that it will work for a wide range of websites. * This website has no sticky elements. | Negative (Interesting)   * I think that having a about on the home page would be nice so that the user isn’t immediately overwhelmed with all the cool stuff they are able to learn. * Something that I think is interesting is that the nav bar is different when the user actually selects a topic to learn, and the nav bar to the side changes to similar topics. * Even though there’s a dark theme toggle on their code editors, there isn’t one on the main sites. This could be because they wanted to keep the website lightweight. |

  <http://www.csszengarden.com/217/>

<http://www.csszengarden.com/>

CSS Zen Garden is a website that most web designers are familiar with, as it provides a wide plethora of CSS designs that use the HTML, which shows just how important CSS is to a website.

The index of this website leads you a nice

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Positive (Interesting)   * The index of this website leads you a nice | Negative (Interesting) |

# Design ideas

## Python is a object-oriented language.

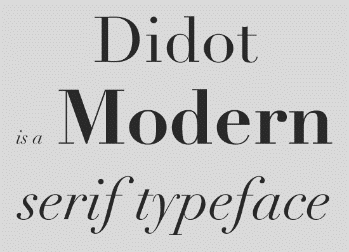
Python - Object Oriented. Python has been an object-oriented language since it existed. Because of this, creating and using classes and objects are downright easy. This chapter helps you become an expert in using Python's object-oriented programming support.

## Fonts

What kind of fonts are there for a website? There’s many different types of fonts that are used for different purposes. Here, I’ll do an evaluation of each type of font.

**Serif:** Serifs are actually what the little lines at the end of characters are called. They’ve been in use for a long long time, and originate from the time period of Ancient Rome, from the characters that were chiselled into hard marble.

As we can see from this image, Serif fonts are fonts that utilize a little line at the end of characters. These fonts are often used to exude a feeling of elegance and class. There are 4 subclasses of serif fonts that mainly differ with line width. Old style serif (also called humanist), transitional serifs, modern serifs and slab serifs. Old Style serifs feature thin lines at diagonal/angles places. Modern Serifs have a lot of contrast between their thin and thick lines, and have a very vertical feel. Transitional serifs use a variety of line widths like modern serifs, but much less contrastingly. Slab serifs have near to none variety in their line width.



Tiffany & Co is a company that sells high end jewelry, and can be considered a prestigious and high-class company. Their logo uses a serif typeface. This is effective because serif fonts are considered formal, which is exactly the feel a company like Tiffany & Co want to give off. In this case, the font gives off a feeling of prestige. Modern Serif

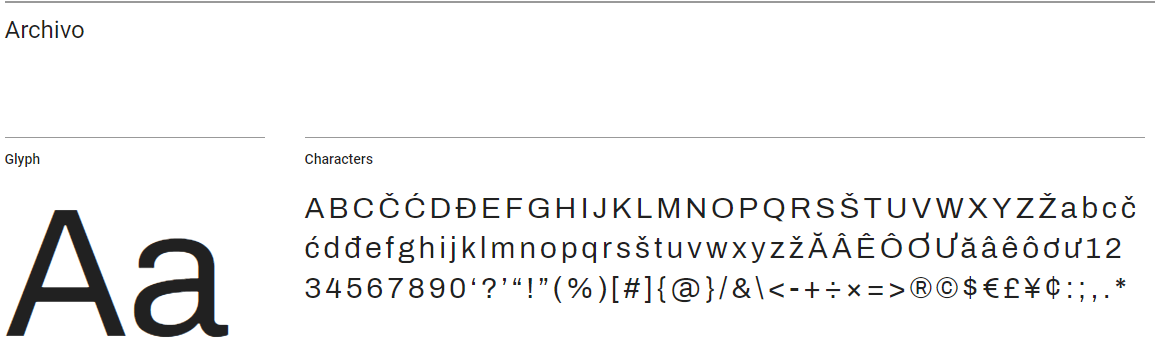
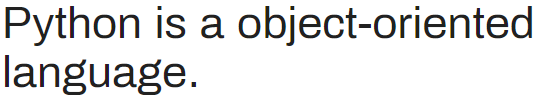
Orchard, as you can tell from the logo, is a Wealth and Legacy Management company. They also tend to deal with people that are wealthy and prestigious. In order to attract those kinds of people, they have also utilized a serif typeface as their font of choice. The formality of the serif style is perfect because in this case it gives off a feeling of traditionality, which in turn produces trust. Transitional?

Sans-serif: As the name implies, Sans-serif fonts are fonts that do not have serifs. These fonts convey an opposite feeling to the serifs, namely that of playfulness and a casual tone. They also look more modern in contrast to the traditional feel of serifs, hence their increased use in companies that try to project a more modern and innovative feel. There are 4 different classifications of sans-serif typefaces, namely:

* Grotesque
* Neo-Grotesque
* Humanist
* Geometric

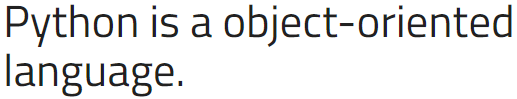
### Headers

#### Archivo

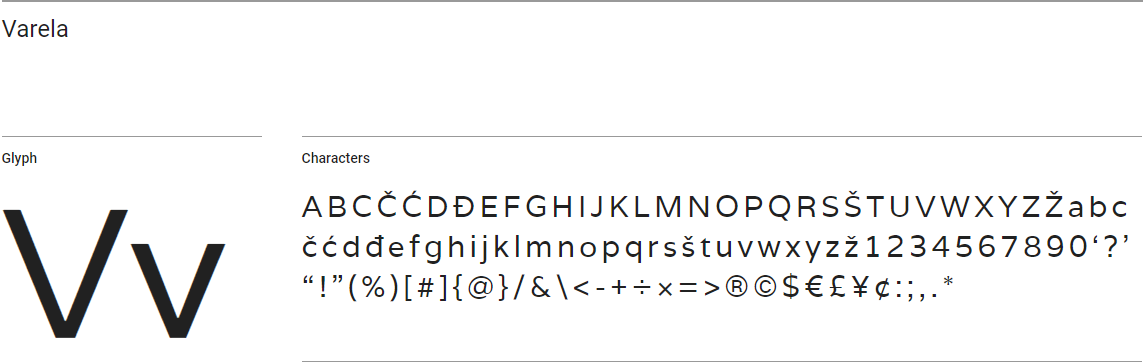
#### Titillium Web

This font has a very technological feel, with a very rigid structure that avoids curves as much as possible.



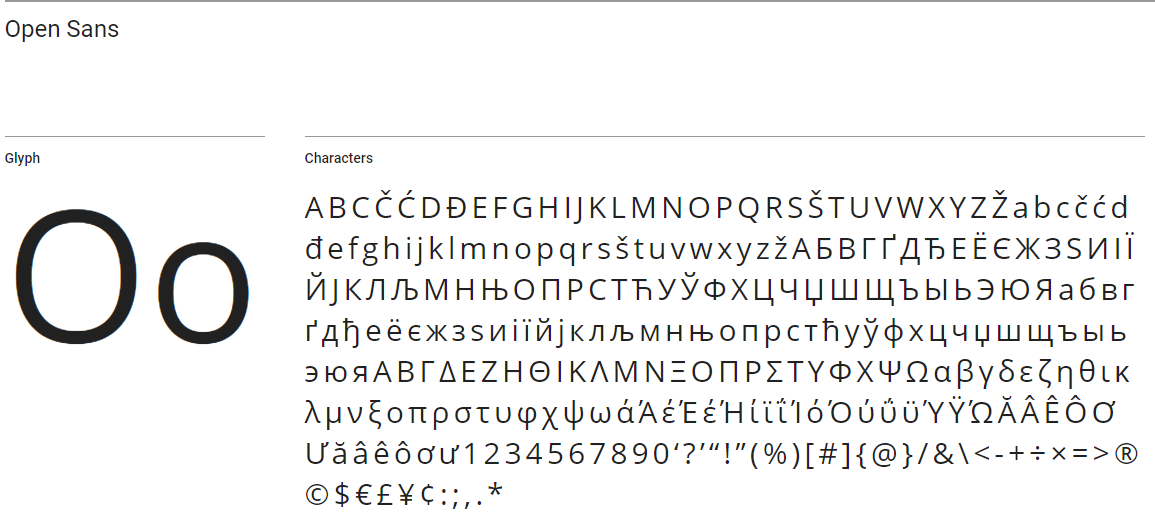
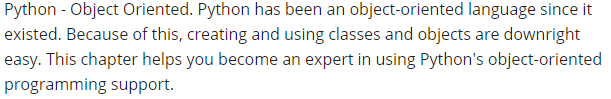
I think that this font is an excellent choice for a header font, as its very attention grabbing yet minimalist.

#### Varela

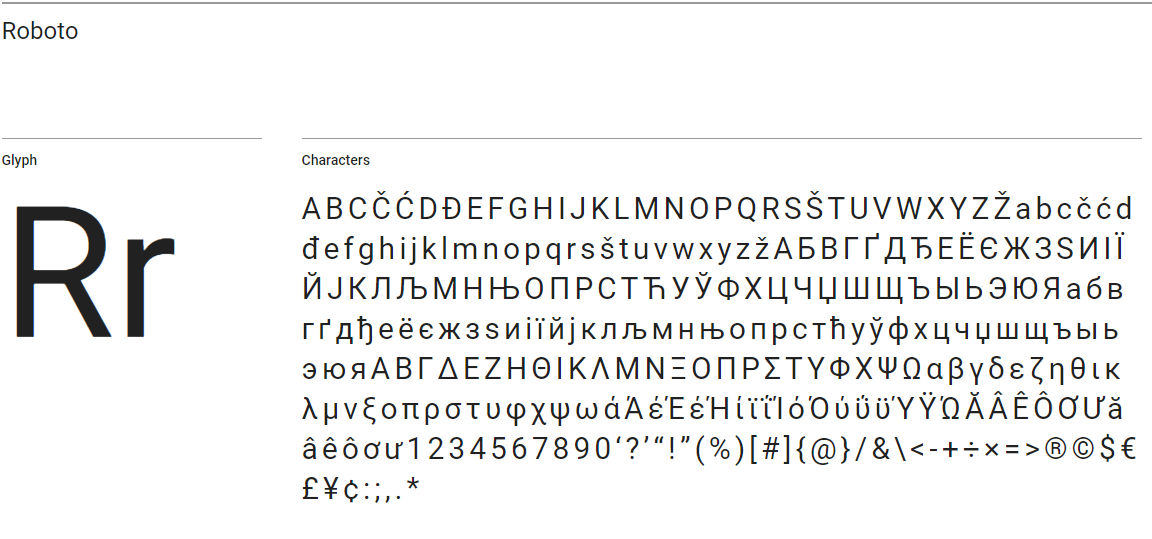
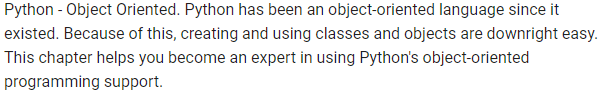
 

### Body

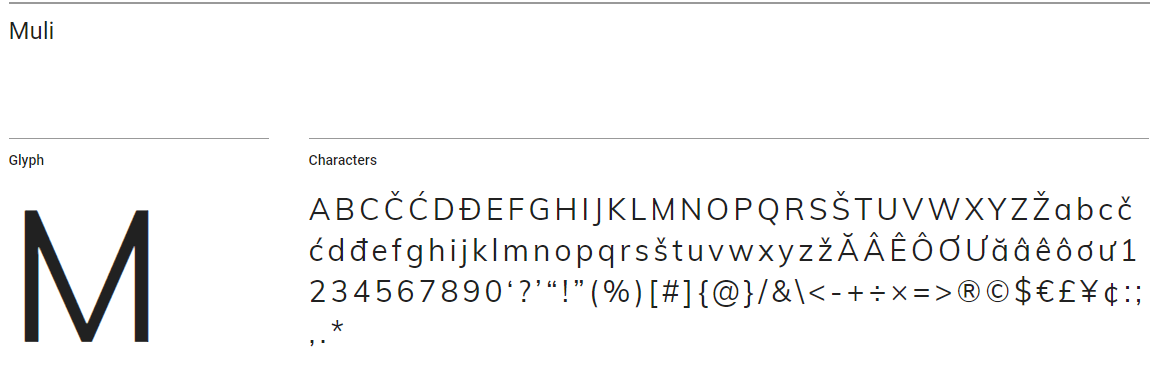
#### Open Sans

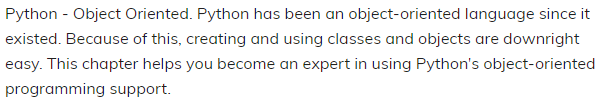
#### Roboto

#### Muli



Muli is a sans-serif font that is excellent for body text

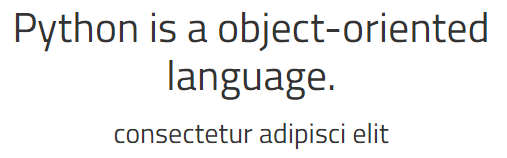


### Refinement

My stakeholders have suggested that they prefer Titilium web as a header, so I’ll be using that in all my schemes.

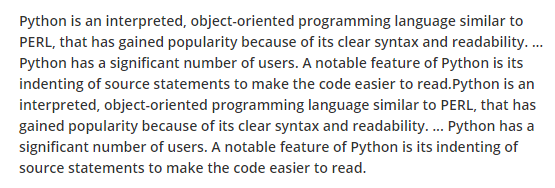
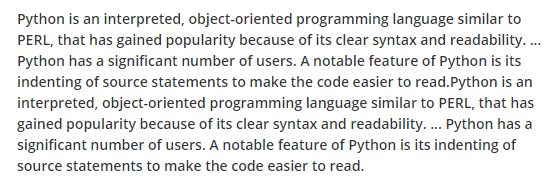
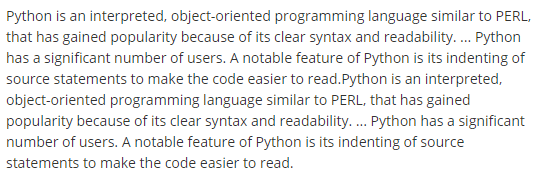
#### Titilium Web

Header: 700, 900, normal

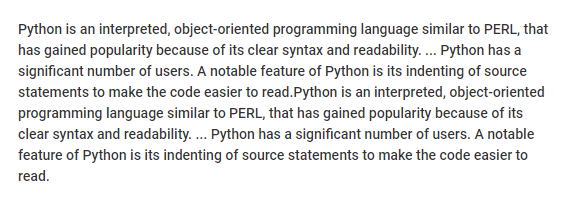
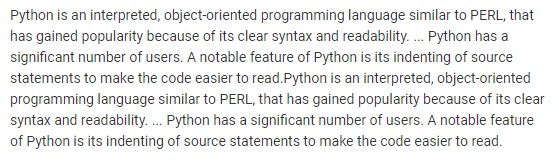


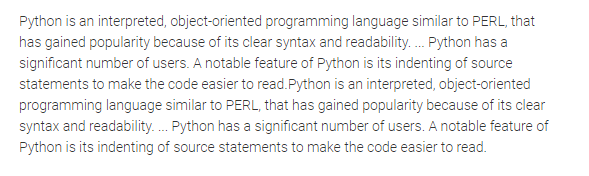
Body:

Open Sans: Normal, 600, 300



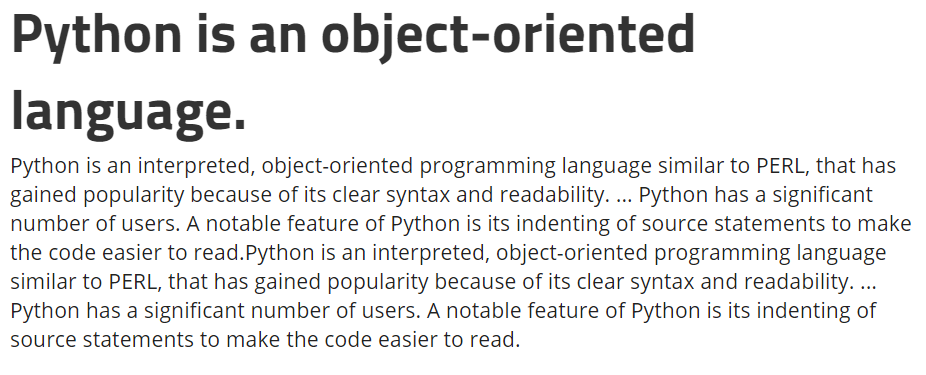
Roboto: Normal 500 300



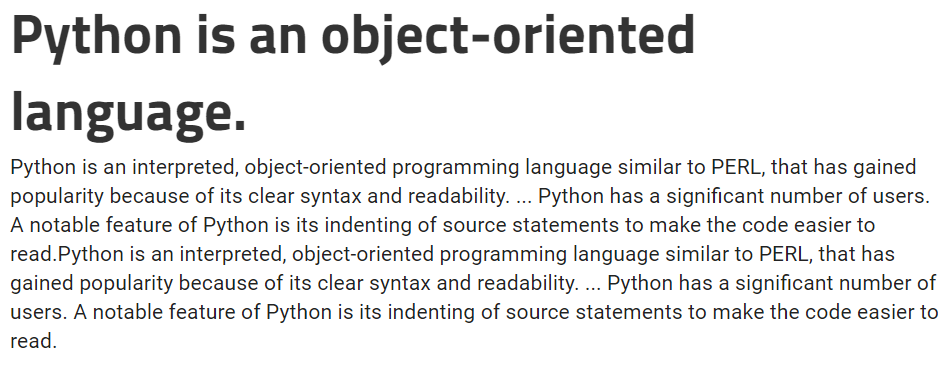


### Further Refinement

Titilium Web 700, Open sans



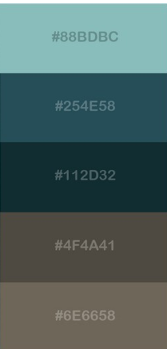
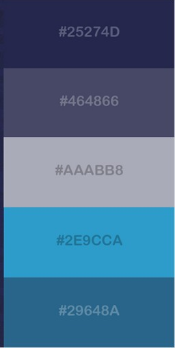
Titilium Web 700, Roboto

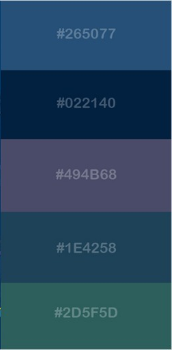
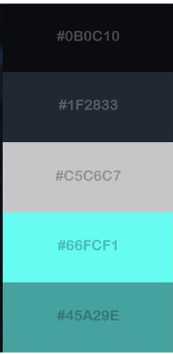


There are four major categories of fonts for you to choose from:

* Serif – Letters that have short lines coming off the edges. Serif fonts are considered formal and traditional and are well suited for print design.
* Sans-serif – These letters are created without serifs. They are viewed as casual and playful. They work well in digital designs.
* Handwritten – Anything that mimics handwriting is considered a handwritten font. Cursive fonts, for example, are often used in formal invitations.
* Decorative – These are informal fonts that are entirely original. These fonts are interpreted as quirky, creative and fun.

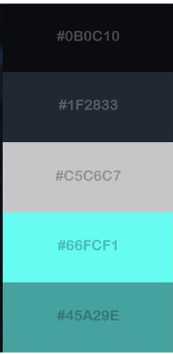
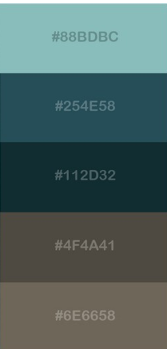
## Color

1234

56 7

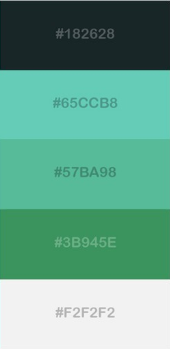
I want a darker tone for my website, as I feel that bright colors would be quite distracting. Especially since I know that digital students tend to work at night, dark colors would be better functionality-wise. Out of these colors, 7 is way too bright in my opinion.

After consulting with my stakeholders, I’ve come to the conclusion that they prefer color scheme 2 the most.

1)2)3)

These 3 color choices are the ones that make it to the next stage. In this selection, we feature a lot of greens and blues which is definitely fitting for a digital website. It seems that my stakeholders preferred brighter shades of blue, which is interesting. Overall, this correlates with the data I received from my stakeholders at the start of the project.

At this current stage, I’m still not quite sure what color scheme I want to run with. So I consult more stakeholders.

 Here are some refinements of color scheme 2. It turns out users liked some green, so I included some more green into the second color scheme. I had some feedback that color scheme 6 was too bright, so I darkened the blues while added some brighter whites.

Will Wood)

My favourite colour schemes are number 2 and number 5. I like number 2 because the two dark tones work well with the bright shades of blue and I think you could use the two bright colours well as an accent colour on your website and it is bright enough to be recognised by those with colour-blindness (u can use that for relevant implications hehe). Though, I don’t like that it doesn’t have a strong highlight colour such as a white to balance out the dark shades.

Secondly, I like colour scheme number 5 because the green and the blue work well together, and you could use the two colours to bounce off each other in your website design. Though, I think the shades may be too similar and will blend in, which may not be what you wanted to do.

row oglv

My preference is the fifth colour scheme, as it is less of a gradient and has a more stable balance of highlights and solid colours like white and black for text and background, with the more vibrant colours better for accents or buttons. I also like the one next to it because there is a highlight colour that is slightly tinted blue that could be used with white or blue as a highlight.

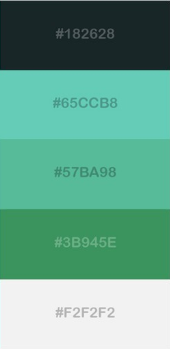
Mr Fairhall

I prefer number 3 over 1 and 2, however I quite like the last 2 over the the first three. The reason is that the ones before are quite dark, but the lightness of the last 2 is really nice, but I can’t decide between them

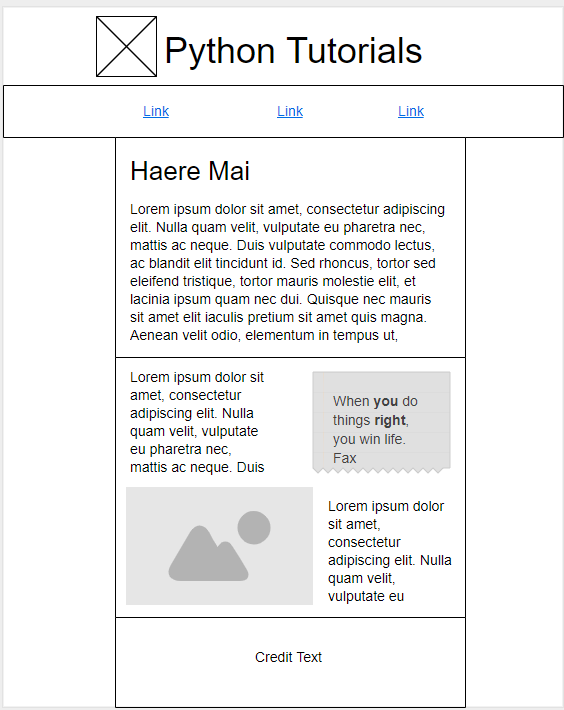
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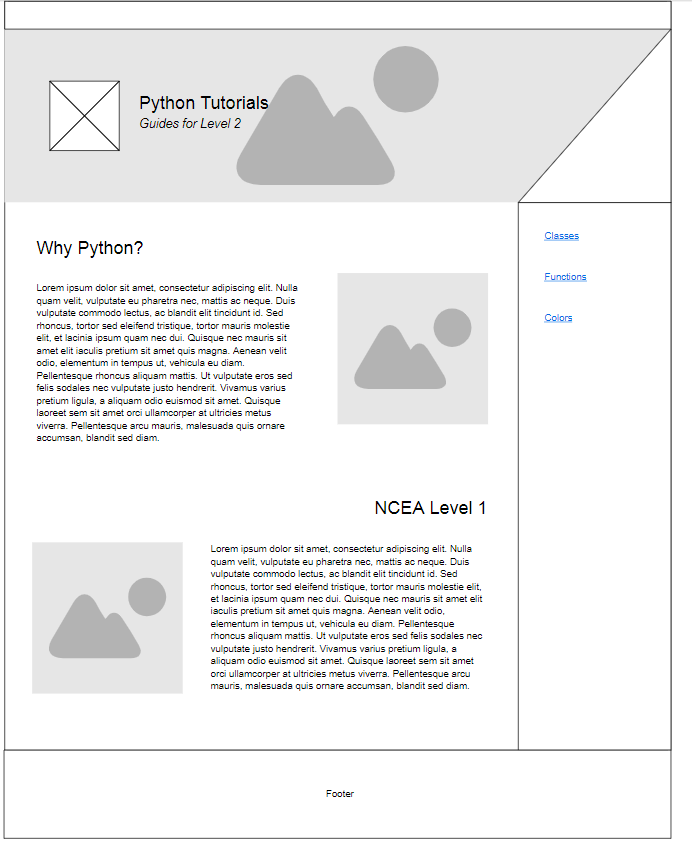
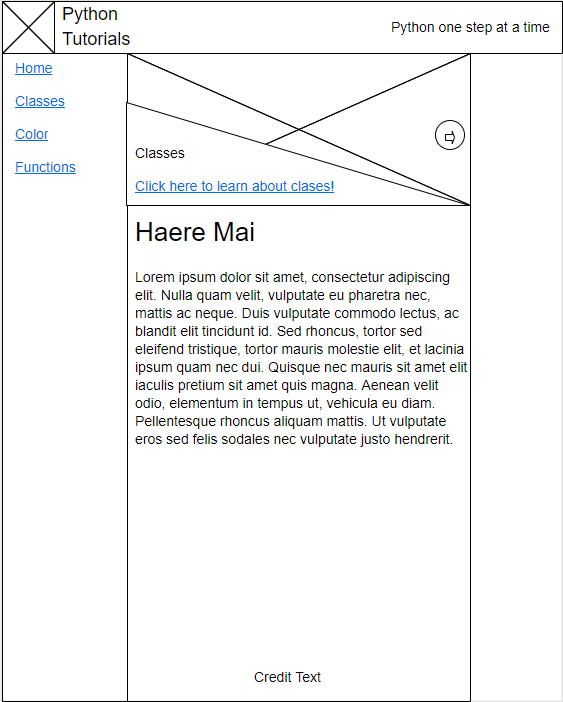
My favourite colour schemes are the fourth and the fifth. If I had to choose one, I would probably go with the second since it has lighter colours and I like blue better but I think if there are big dark parts in the page then you should try using a more dark grey rather than the bluish #17252a. Blue also feels more modern and has a digital feel to it. What you could also do is have a colour scheme using blue and green together that can be used in a gradient.

Based on feedback I’ve chosen the fifth one.

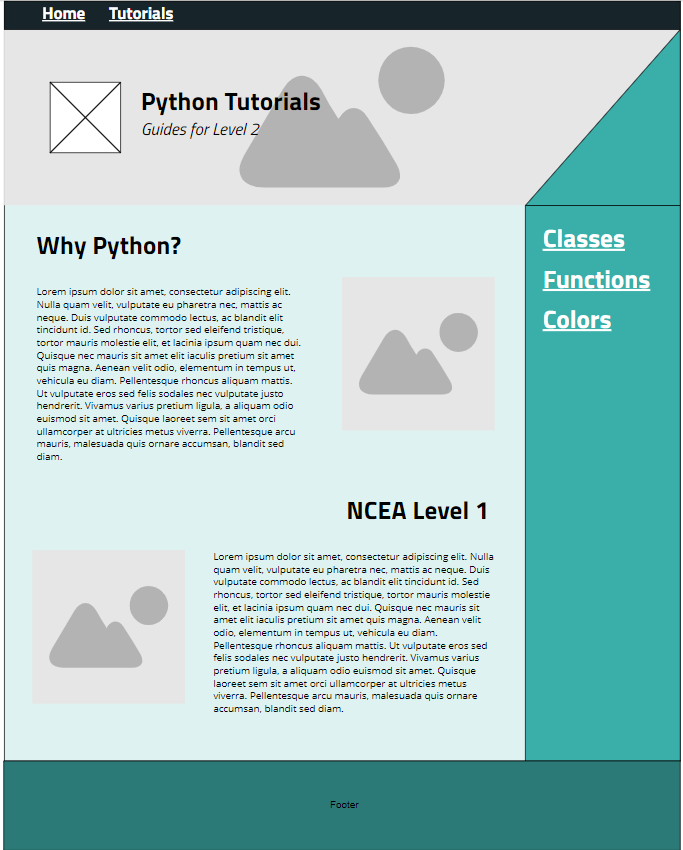
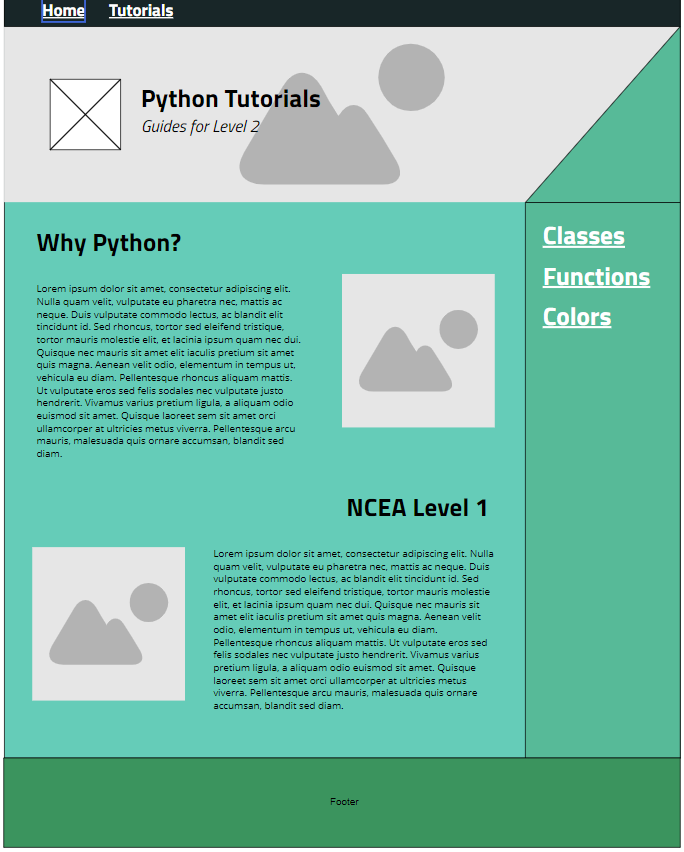


## Wireframes

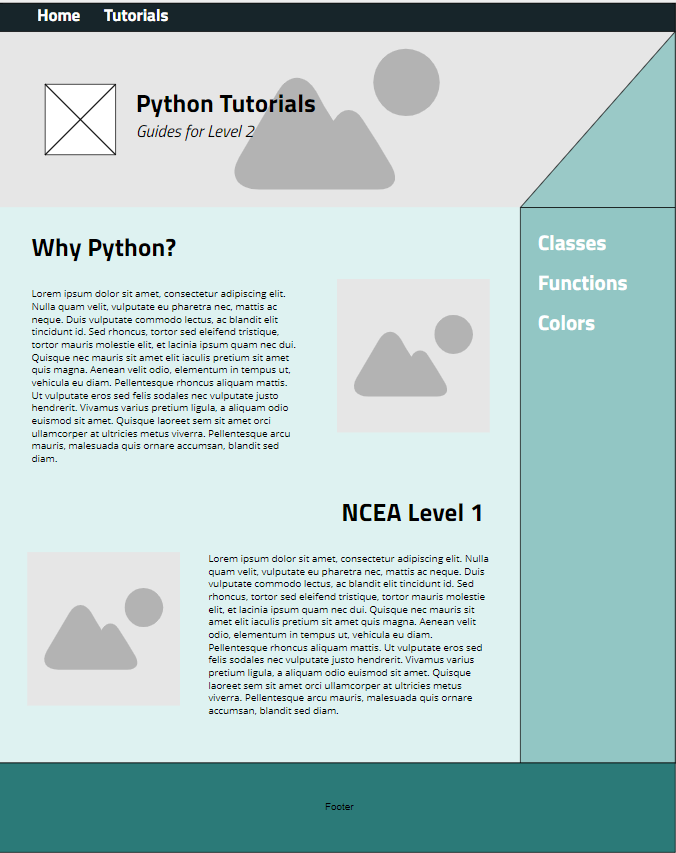
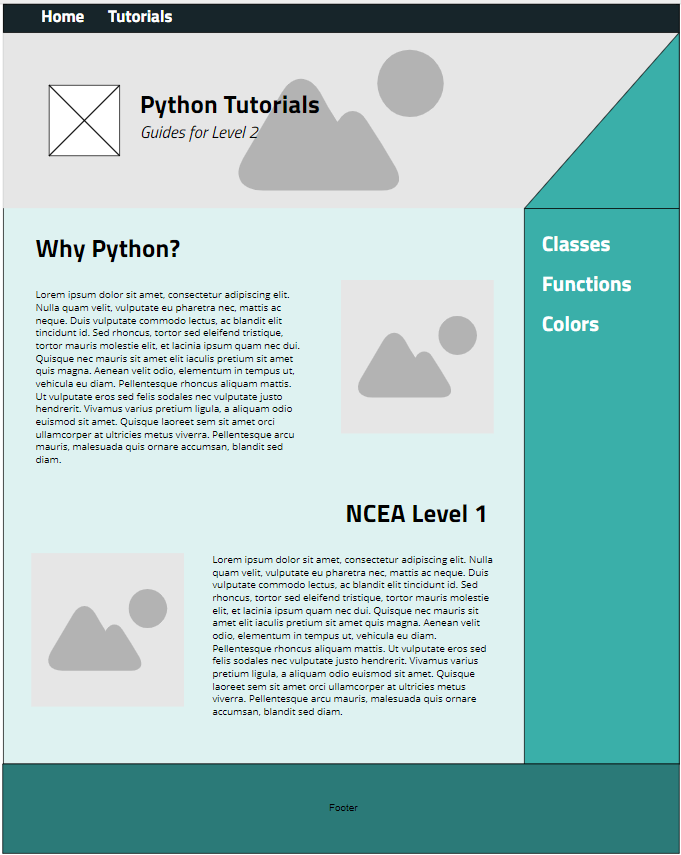




## Wireframes + Color



Based on the feedback, I’m using color scheme 2



Final

